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EUROCENTRES

Test à faire en 1 heure
sans aide, ni distraction !

Bon courage !

Eurocentres Test: Elementary / Intermediate

Your e-mail :
Your Name : Your First Name :
Tel : Ad :

Complete each sentence with one item from those given below. Use each item once only.

Example: John *gets up* early in the morning.
He *goes off* to work on the bus.
He *gets off* early on Fridays.
He *sits up* late watching TV.
goes off / sits up / gets off / gets up

Description sommaire de votre projet :
(date début, lieu, durée)
Objectifs...

- [] 1 She gets up 7 o'clock.
She usually goes bed early.
Sometimes she goes out her friends.
She gets up later Sundays.
with / at / on / to
- [] 2 Peter arrived at twenty six.
Julia was there at past five.
Kieran came at six
- [] 3 How milk would you like?
Have you got a minutes?
We only have a time.
How metres are there in a mile?
little / few / much / many
- [] 4 Maria was born September 7th.
See you week.
He's meeting me ten o'clock.
The conference was July 1991.
next / at / on / in
- [] 5 Have you ever your passport?
Yes, I
- [] 6 Jane couldn't solve the problem it was too difficult.
Peter tried to solve the problem it was too difficult.
The problem was difficult I couldn't solve it.
The problem was difficult for me to solve.
so / too / but / because

[] 7 A: Sorry Ana, is this pen?
B: No, pen is black. Ask Peter.
A: Peter, I've got a pen which might be
C: No, it's not either. Ask Laura.
mine / yours / your / my

[] 8 I've been here a week.
I haven't seen him last April.
I last saw him a week
I last saw her the summer.
since / during / ago / for

[] 9 This story is very
The river is very here.
How is Mount Everest?
Mary got a mark and failed her exam.
long / wide / low / high

[] 10 The sun rises in the East.
I go by air - it's too expensive.
We have toast for breakfast, but not very often.
A teacher works in a school.
usually / never / sometimes / always

The following words make a good sentence. Put them in the correct order.

Example: What / coming / are / time / you / ?

You write: *What time are you coming?*

[] 11 I / often / watch / TV / .
I

[] 12 We / a / small / house / in / live / .
We

[] 13 It's / a / beautiful / day / today / .
It's

[] 14 I / have / called / a / friend / Adriana / .
I

[] 15 How / go / you / swimming / often / do / ?
How

[] 16 John / got / a / job / hasn't / .
John

[] 17 Please / not / on / walk / road / the / do / !
Please

- [] 18 Could / to / me / the / to / get / how / station / tell / you / ?
 Could
- [] 19 It / is / train / too / the / late / catch / to / .
 It
- [] 20 If / ill / too / much / drink / you'll / feel / you / .
 If

Write ONE word only to complete the sentence.

Example: Is a bank near here?

You write: *there*

- [] 21 Can I see you Wednesday?
- [] 22 Ann: What do you do?
 John: I a salesman.
- [] 23 A: Why are you cleaning your car?
 B: it is very dirty!
- [] 24 A: you play the piano?
 B: Not very well, I'm afraid.
- [] 25 A: I take this chair?
 B: Yes, of course.
- [] 26 The name of the month that follows January is
- [] 27 A: What would you to drink?
 B: Beer, please.
- [] 28 The red blouse costs more the white one.
- [] 29 Do you know to write Chinese?
- [] 30 My car isn't as fast yours.

Complete the sentence with the correct form of the verb in brackets.

Example: My brother on a farm. (WORK)

You write: *works*

- [] 31 I my friend yesterday. (SEE)
- [] 32 My assistant doesn't on Fridays. (WORK)

- [] 33 I have never been to South America but a few years ago I to the USA for a holiday. (GO)
- [] 34 Her eyes green. (BE)
- [] 35 Flight BA137 at 14.50. (ARRIVE)
- [] 36 He up late this morning. (GET)
- [] 37 We want to the town centre. (GO)
- [] 38 What are when the course is finished? (DO)
- [] 39 What did she last night? (COOK)
- [] 40 A: When did Mary phone you?
B: While I the report. (FINISH)

Complete the sentence by choosing the BEST answer. Only one answer is correct.

Example:

Anne isn't here today: she's to London.

A went B gone C been D go

You choose: B

- [] 41 I plan to buy a few things.

A Are you going to go buy milk?
B Will you buy milk?
C You are buying milk?
D Are you going to buy milk?

- [] 42 Jim lives in Spain,

A doesn't he? B isn't he? C is he? D lives he?

- [] 43 Every morning the baby cries for his breakfast he wakes up.

A now that B until C as soon as D before

- [] 44 I am very in the information you have given me.

A interesting B interested C concerned D concerning

- [] 45 If you have a washing machine, you spend all day washing clothes.

A have to B don't have to C must D mustn't

- [] 46 The questions in this test are concerned with use of correct English.
A - B a C the D an
- [] 47 you pay the supplement they want, they won't give us the tickets.
A Unless B In case C If D If not
- [] 48 I went to a party my friend's house.
A inside B by C at D to
- [] 49 "How was the movie?" "Not very good. I during most of it."
A was boring
B was feeling boring
C was bored
D was such bored
- [] 50 Never carry a lot of money on you because you lose it.
A would B ought to C might D should
- [] 51 Nobody believed her but she turned out
- A to being correct.
B be correct.
C being correct.
D to be correct.
- [] 52 That question was easy to answer. answered by a ten year old.
A It would be
B It could have been
C It might to be
D It was to have been
- [] 53 Do you feel better? Yes, I just the flu.
A got across B got by C got through D got over
- [] 54 Who's ringing the doorbell? the postman.
A There's B It's C He's D This is
- [] 55 That man is a millionaire. he's not very happy.
A In spite of this
B Above all
C In case of this
D Alternatively

[] 56 I predict that by the year 2,000, Los Angeles

- A will hit an earthquake.
- B will have hit an earthquake.
- C will be hitting by an earthquake.
- D will have been hit by an earthquake.

[] 57 I can't stay.

- A I must to leave.
- B I can must leave.
- C I have got to leave.
- D I leave.

[] 58 All of the houses I saw had a garden,

- A whereas none of the apartments had one.
- B but not the apartments hadn't one.
- C however, not the apartments had one.
- D whilst hadn't any of the apartments one.

[] 59 The train when I got to the station.

- A already left
- B has just been left
- C had already left
- D has just left

[] 60 I lost too much gambling last time, so you won't me to play again.

- A encourage
- B convince
- C persuade
- D impress

[] 61 It's my wife's birthday tomorrow and we a party.

- A are having
- B will have had
- C will have
- D have

Write ONE word only to complete the sentence.

Example: Is a bank near here?

You write: *there*

[] 62 Mary: I'd like some more tea.

John: I'm sorry, there isn't

[] 63 A: car is that?

B: It's John's.

[] 64 He is afraid you.

- [] 65 Tim: You walked home? Why didn't you catch a bus?
Paul: Because I to take any money.
- [] 66 It's a lovely day, you think?
- [] 67 You look a bit cold. I close the window?
- [] 68 Come and visit me! And your friend with you.
- [] 69 That man wife you were rude to is a professor.
- [] 70 If this dreadful rain would stop!
- [] 71 When shall we go? What Saturday?

Complete the sentence with the correct form of the verb in brackets.

Example: My brother on a farm. (WORK)

You write: *works*

- [] 72 Look at that! You her favourite cup! (BREAK)
- [] 73 He realised he had no cigarettes, so he stopped some. (BUY)
- [] 74 I'll come and see you before I for America. (LEAVE)
- [] 75 I dislike bacon for breakfast. (EAT)
- [] 76 I heard a noise, turned round, and saw a young man away. (RUN)
- [] 77 If you had gone to the meeting, you her. (SEE)
- [] 78 Before his clothes he had a bath. (CHANGE)
- [] 79 He apologised for the glass. (BREAK)
- [] 80 "Has that letter yet?" Mr Johnson asked. (SEND)